

Using the definition of the derivative to calculate the derivative.

$$1. f(x) = 3x^2 - x + 1$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$f(x) = 3x^2 - x + 1$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3(x+h)^2 - (x+h) + 1 - (3x^2 - x + 1)}{h}$$

$$\frac{3x^2 + 6xh + 3h^2 - x - h + 1 - 3x^2 + x - 1}{h}$$

$$3(x^2 + 2xh + h^2)$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{6xh + 3h^2 - h}{h}$$

$$\frac{3h^2}{h} = \frac{3h}{1}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(6x + 3h - 1)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 6x + 3h - 1 = \boxed{6x - 1}$$

$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{3}{x}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$f(x+h) \rightarrow \frac{1 - \frac{3}{x+h} - \left(1 - \frac{3}{x}\right)}{h}$$

$$\frac{1 - \frac{3}{x+h} - 1 + \frac{3}{x}}{h}$$

$$\text{LCD} = x(x+h)$$

$$\frac{-\frac{3x(x+h)}{x+h} + \frac{3x(x+h)}{x}}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-3x + 3(x+h)}{hx(x+h)}$$

$$\frac{-3x + 3x + 3h}{hx(x+h)}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3h}{hx(x+h)}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3}{x(x+h)}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{3}{x^2}}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + 2$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$f(x+h) \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x+h} + 2 - (\sqrt{x} + 2)}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+h} + 2 - \sqrt{x} - 2}{h}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{x+h} - \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})}{h(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}}{x}$$

$$\frac{x+h + \sqrt{x+h} \cdot \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x+h} - x}{h(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{h}{h(\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x})}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+h} + \sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{2x}$$